

Reptilewatch JE - wall lizard survey form 20___

Have you completed a Volunteer Working Agreement Form? Have you attended survey training?

Contact detail	S								
Name		Address							
Tel									
Email	Can we contact you if necessary?								
Site details									
Site name	Site grid reference								
Site location									
(address or description)				Post code					
Have you comp	oleted a L	andowner Survey Consent Form?							
Site assessm	nent				Patch s	ize	<1 ha		
Habitat conne	lowing eptile survey	Completely isolated from other areas Isolated by sub-optimal habitat			Estimate	ed patch eptile	1–5 ha		
Which of the follo best describes re habitat at your su				size of re habitat at survey sit			6–10 ha		
		Linked by corridors of good habitat			te	11–50 ha			
site? (tick one or	nly)	Part of a larger area of good habitat			(tick one	only)	>50 ha		
Survey location	nn -								
ca. vey locatio									

How to survey your site

Was permission refused for any areas?

- Before carrying out surveys, visit the site during the day to assess the habitat and any risks.
- Plan either a walking survey route that encompasses suitable areas of the site, or find a suitable fixed location from which you can view a large amount of the available habitat (e.g. by inspecting a fort wall with binoculars).
- Visit your site six times* if possible between March and October in warm sunny weather, aiming for three
 visits between April and June and two between mid-August and mid-October. (*You can make more than six
 visits)
- Record the survey conditions.
- Spend up to **30 minutes** surveying, visually searching suitable features such as stone walls, steps and rocks. If appropriate, use binoculars to scan features from a distance. If surveying from a stationary position, take care not to visually survey the same section twice to avoid recording the same individuals more than once.
- Record what you see, noting down the habitat type that the animal was seen in. **Note** that you should use additional urban habitat categories for wall lizards. (see the handbook)
- **Take photos**, especially if you are not sure of what you have seen.
- Fill in the form below and **record your results** online (http://jerseybiodiversitycentre.org.je/), or send your form to: Reptilewatch, Natural Environment, Growth Housing and Environment, Howard Davis Farm, Trinity, JE3 5JP.



Estimate the percentage of suitable habitat surveyed

Survey conditions



Visit no.:		Code	Specifications on lar	nd	Rain		
Date:	Average	0	Smoke rises vertically Slight smoke drift Wind felt on face and leaves rustle Leaves & twigs in constant motion		(0–3, choose one option).		
Start time (24h):	Average wind	1			0 = none		
, ,	speed	2					
	(0–6,	3			1 = yeste	erday	
Time spent			Raises dust and small	aises dust and small branches move		2 = earlier today	
surveying (mins):	option).	5	Small trees in leaf begin to sway				
Cloud cover (%):		6	Large branches move	& trees sway	3 = during survey		
Survey methods Walking		Stati	onary	Were b	oinoculars used?		

What did you see? (continue on another page if needed)

Time (24h)	Species	Lifestage	Sex	Qty.	Certainty (C=certain, U=uncertain)	Habitat code

Habitat reference codes

- g1: Acid grassland
- g2: Calcareous grassland
- g3: Neutral grassland
- g4: Modified grassland
- w1: Broadleaved mixed and yew woodland
- w2: Coniferous woodland
- h1: Dwarf shrub heath
- h2: Hedgerows
- h3: Dense scrub
- f1: Bog
- f2: Fen marsh and swamp
- c1: Arable and horticulture
- u1a: Open Mosaic Habitats on Previously Developed Land
- u1b5: Developed land; sealed surface - Buildings
- u1b6: Developed land; sealed surface - Other developed land
- u1c: Artificial unvegetated, unsealed surface
- u1d: Suburban/ mosaic of developed/ natural surface
- u1e: Built linear features
- s1: Inland rock
- s2: Supralittoral Rock
- s3: Supralittoral Sediment
- r1: Standing open water and canals
- r2: Rivers and streams

